

Practice Problem Results

(not full solutions)

Problem 1 Fixed points: $x^* = 0$ unstable
 $x^* = 1$ stable

There are no period-2 orbits

Problem 2 $f'(x) = -2x + 3x^2$
 $f'(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}) \approx 4.618 > 1$ unstable

Problem 3

a) Fixed points: $(v^*, h^*) = (0, 0)$
 $(v^*, h^*) = \left(\frac{r \ln f}{(r\delta - 1)a}, \frac{\ln f}{a} \right)$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } V_{n+1} &= fV_n e^{-ah^*H_n} \\ &= V_n f e^{-\ln f H_n} = V_n e^{\ln f(1-H_n)} \end{aligned}$$

$k = \ln f$, $b = r\delta - 1$, note $k > 0$

c) $V^* = H^* = 1$ $J = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -k \\ b & 1-b \end{pmatrix}$ $\text{tr } J = 2 - b$
 $\text{det } J = 1 - b + kb$

stable if $0 < b < 2$ and $k < 1$

or if $2 < b < \frac{4}{1-k}$ and $k < 1$

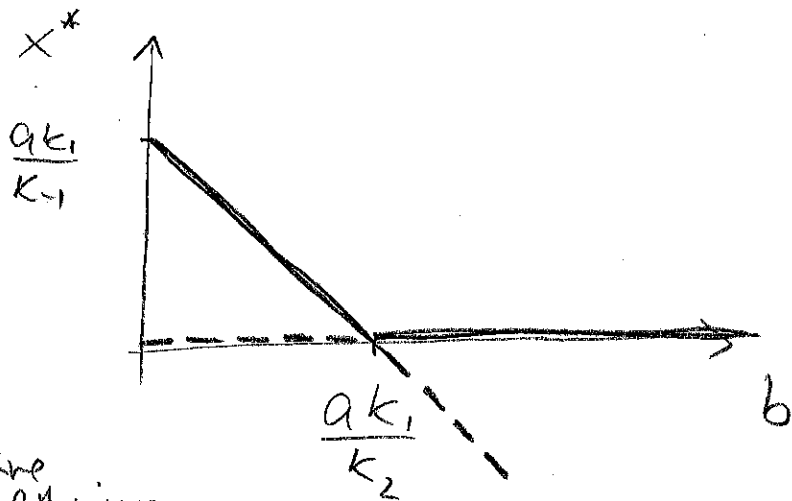
Problem 4 (a) ~~max~~ $C_1 = ak_1 - bk_2$ $C_2 = k_1$

(b)

Transcritical bifurcation
at $\bar{b} = \frac{ak_1}{k_2}$

for $b > \bar{b}$ $x(t) \rightarrow 0$

$b < \bar{b}$ $x(t) \rightarrow$ positive equilibrium



Problem 5

$$\dot{X} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\text{tr } A = 5 \leftarrow$ unstable

$\det A = 4 \leftarrow$ not saddle

$\text{tr}^2 A - 4 \det A = 9 \Rightarrow$

unstable node

Problem 6 (NEW)

Saddle at $(1, 1)$

$$J(1,1) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$v_{1,2} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \pm \sqrt{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -0.97 \\ -0.23 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -0.23 \\ 0.97 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d_{1,2} = -1 \pm \sqrt{5}$$

stable node at $(-1, -1)$

$$J(-1,-1) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ +1 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

