

HW #1

1. Solve $\dot{x} = x(r - kx)$, assuming $x(0) \in (0, \frac{r}{k})$, where $r, k > 0$

2. Write down equations + analyze the following model:

$$X \xrightarrow{\alpha} * , 2X \xrightarrow{\beta} 3X, 3X \xrightarrow{\gamma} 2X \text{ ("three's a crowd")}$$

In particular, assume all constants are positive + find all the equilibria + their stability. If there are different qualitative pictures, sketch the different phase lines

3. Consider the general LV system $\boxed{\dot{x}_i = x_i (r_i + \sum_{j=1}^N a_{ij} x_j)} \quad i=1, \dots, N \quad \text{EQ 1}$

Suppose $x_i(0) > 0 \forall i$. Prove $x_i(t) > 0$ for all finite time. (Hint: Suppose that $x_i(t^*) = 0$ for some t^* . Show that this violates the uniqueness theorem of ODEs)

(4) Suppose Eq 1 has a periodic orbit $x_i(t) = u_i(t)$, with period T + $u_i(t) > 0$.

Let $\bar{u}_i = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T u_i(t) dt$ be the average over one cycle.

Prove $r_i + \sum_{j=1}^N a_{ij} \bar{u}_j = 0, i=1, \dots, N$ + thus that there is an equilibrium point in the interior of the positive orthant

5. Put the competition equations into the form, $\dot{x}_1 = r_1 x_1 (1 - \frac{x_1}{K_1} - \alpha_{12} \frac{x_2}{K_2})$

$\dot{x}_2 = r_2 x_2 (1 - \frac{x_2}{K_2} - \alpha_{21} \frac{x_1}{K_1})$ eq. express, r_j, K_j, α_{j_2} in terms of $a-f$

6. In the proof of the nonexistence of isolated periodic orbits, show that $\alpha + \beta d$ is the trace of the Jacobian evaluated at the interior fixed point.

7. Use #6 to show that the general 2D LV system has a continuum of periodic orbits iff the eigenvalues of the interior equilibrium are pure imaginary
eg: $\text{Trace} = 0, \det > 0$

8. In general, how many equilibrium points are there in the general LV model: $\dot{x}_i = x_i (r_i + \sum_{j=1}^N a_{ij} x_j)$, $i = 1, \dots, N$
(They need not be positive, I am just counting the total)

9. In the general 2D LV model:

$$\dot{x} = x(a + bx + cy), \quad \dot{y} = y(d + ex + fy)$$

determine stability of the three points: $(0,0)$, $(x^*,0)$, $(0,y^*)$

Suppose there is no stable interior equilibrium + all other equilibria are unstable. What happens? (Hint use P.B.T.)

10. Consider the 3 variable LV model:

$$\dot{x}_i = x_i \left(\sum_{j=1}^3 a_{ij} (1 - x_j) \right), \text{ where } a_{11} = a_{22} = 0.1, a_{12} = a_{23} = -1$$

$$a_{31} = \delta, a_{32} = 2, a_{33} = \frac{1}{2}, a_{13} = a_{21} = 0$$

Clearly $\bar{x}_1 = \bar{x}_2 = \bar{x}_3 = 1$ is the interior equilibrium

find conditions on $\delta > 0$ st $(1,1,1)$ is A.S. Show by simulation that the model admits a stable periodic limit cycle solution for some δ . I will put the XPP code online, but you can use any software.